

1

次の関係を, (1)~(3)は  $p = \log_a M$ , (4)~(6)は  $a^p = M$  の形で表せ。

- (1)  $3^4 = 81$                       (2)  $5^0 = 1$                       (3)  $8^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2$   
 (4)  $2 = \log_{10} 100$               (5)  $6 = \log_{\sqrt{2}} 8$               (6)  $-\frac{1}{2} = \log_9 \frac{1}{3}$

2

次の値を求めよ。

- (1)  $\log_3 243$                       (2)  $\log_5 5$                       (3)  $\log_4 1$   
 (4)  $\log_3 \frac{1}{9}$                             (5)  $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{1}{27}$                       (6)  $\log_{0.2} 5$   
 (7)  $\log_2 \sqrt{2}$                       (8)  $\log_5 \sqrt{125}$                     (9)  $\log_2 \sqrt[3]{16}$

3

次の計算をせよ。

- (1)  $\log_5 10 - \log_5 2\sqrt{5}$                       (2)  $\log_{10} 5\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2} \log_{10} \frac{4}{5}$

4

次の値を簡単にせよ。

- (1)  $\log_8 32$                       (2)  $\log_9 \frac{1}{3}$                       (3)  $\log_{\frac{1}{5}} \sqrt[5]{125}$   
 (4)  $\log_2 3 \cdot \log_3 2$               (5)  $\log_3 5 \cdot \log_5 9$               (6)  $\log_4 5 \cdot \log_5 8$

5

次の計算をせよ。

- (1)  $\frac{1}{2} \log_6 12 + 3 \log_6 \sqrt{3} - \log_6 18$               (2)  $\log_2 3 \cdot \log_3 5 \cdot \log_5 8$   
 (3)  $(\log_3 5 + \log_9 25)(\log_5 9 + \log_{25} 3)$

解説

- (1)  $4 = \log_3 81$   
 (2)  $0 = \log_5 1$   
 (3)  $\frac{1}{3} = \log_8 2$   
 (4)  $10^2 = 100$   
 (5)  $(\sqrt{2})^6 = 8$   
 (6)  $9^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{3}$

解説

- (1)  $\log_3 243 = \log_3 3^5 = 5$               (2)  $\log_5 5 = 1$               (3)  $\log_4 1 = 0$   
 (4)  $\log_3 \frac{1}{9} = \log_3 3^{-2} = -2$               (5)  $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{1}{27} = \log_{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 = 3$   
 (6)  $\log_{0.2} 5 = \log_{\frac{1}{5}} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{-1} = -1$               (7)  $\log_2 \sqrt{2} = \log_2 2^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$   
 (8)  $\log_5 \sqrt{125} = \log_5 (5^3)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \log_5 5^{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{3}{2}$   
 (9)  $\log_2 \sqrt[3]{16} = \log_2 (2^4)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \log_2 2^{\frac{4}{3}} = \frac{4}{3}$

解説

- (1) (与式)  $= \log_5 \frac{10}{2\sqrt{5}} = \log_5 \sqrt{5} = \log_5 5^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$   
 (2) (与式)  $= \log_{10} \left\{ 5\sqrt{5} \times \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right\} = \log_{10} \left( 5\sqrt{5} \times \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \right) = \log_{10} 10 = 1$

解説

- (1)  $\log_8 32 = \frac{\log_2 32}{\log_2 8} = \frac{\log_2 2^5}{\log_2 2^3} = \frac{5}{3}$   
 (2)  $\log_9 \frac{1}{3} = \frac{\log_3 \frac{1}{3}}{\log_3 9} = \frac{\log_3 3^{-1}}{\log_3 3^2} = -\frac{1}{2}$   
 (3)  $\log_{\frac{1}{5}} \sqrt[5]{125} = \frac{\log_5 \sqrt[5]{125}}{\log_5 \frac{1}{5}} = \frac{\log_5 5^{\frac{3}{5}}}{\log_5 5^{-1}} = -\frac{3}{5}$   
 (4)  $\log_2 3 \cdot \log_3 2 = \log_2 3 \times \frac{\log_2 2}{\log_2 3} = \log_2 2 = 1$   
 (5)  $\log_3 5 \cdot \log_5 9 = \log_3 5 \times \frac{\log_3 9}{\log_3 5} = \log_3 9 = \log_3 3^2 = 2$   
 (6)  $\log_4 5 \cdot \log_5 8 = \frac{\log_2 5}{\log_2 4} \times \frac{\log_2 8}{\log_2 5} = \frac{\log_2 5}{\log_2 2^2} \times \frac{\log_2 2^3}{\log_2 5} = \frac{\log_2 2^3}{\log_2 2^2} = \frac{3}{2}$

解説

- (1) 与式  $= \log_6 \sqrt{12} + \log_6 (\sqrt{3})^3 - \log_6 18 = \log_6 \frac{\sqrt{12} \times (\sqrt{3})^3}{18} = \log_6 1 = 0$

別解 与式  $= \frac{1}{2} \log_6 (2^2 \times 3) + \frac{3}{2} \log_6 3 - \log_6 (2 \times 3^2)$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} (2 \log_6 2 + \log_6 3) + \frac{3}{2} \log_6 3 - (\log_6 2 + 2 \log_6 3) = 0$

(2) 与式  $= \log_2 3 \times \frac{\log_2 5}{\log_2 3} \times \frac{\log_2 8}{\log_2 5} = \log_2 8 = \log_2 2^3 = 3$

(3) 与式  $= \left( \log_3 5 + \frac{\log_3 25}{\log_3 9} \right) \left( \frac{\log_3 9}{\log_3 5} + \frac{\log_3 3}{\log_3 25} \right)$   
 $= \left( \log_3 5 + \frac{\log_3 5^2}{\log_3 3^2} \right) \left( \frac{\log_3 3^2}{\log_3 5} + \frac{\log_3 3}{\log_3 5^2} \right)$   
 $= \left( \log_3 5 + \frac{2 \log_3 5}{2} \right) \left( \frac{2}{\log_3 5} + \frac{1}{2 \log_3 5} \right)$   
 $= 2 \log_3 5 \times \frac{5}{2 \log_3 5} = 5$

6

 $\log_{10}2 = a, \log_{10}3 = b$  とおくと、次の値を  $a, b$  で表せ。

- (1)  $\log_{10}\frac{1}{12}$                       (2)  $\log_{10}15$                       (3)  $\log_{10}\sqrt{0.75}$   
 (4)  $\log_2 27$                       (5)  $\log_{18}\sqrt[3]{24}$

7

次の値を求めよ。

- (1)  $10^{\log_{10}3}$                       (2)  $3^{-2\log_3 4}$                       (3)  $16^{\log_2 10}$

解説

- (1)  $\log_{10}\frac{1}{12} = -\log_{10}(2^2 \times 3) = -\log_{10}2^2 - \log_{10}3$   
 $= -2\log_{10}2 - \log_{10}3 = -2a - b$   
 (2)  $\log_{10}15 = \log_{10}(5 \times 3) = \log_{10}5 + \log_{10}3 = \log_{10}\frac{10}{2} + \log_{10}3$   
 $= \log_{10}10 - \log_{10}2 + \log_{10}3 = 1 - a + b$   
 (3)  $\log_{10}\sqrt{0.75} = \frac{1}{2}\log_{10}\frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2}(\log_{10}3 - \log_{10}2^2)$   
 $= \frac{1}{2}(\log_{10}3 - 2\log_{10}2) = \frac{1}{2}(b - 2a) = \frac{b}{2} - a$   
 (4)  $\log_2 27 = \frac{\log_{10}27}{\log_{10}2} = \frac{\log_{10}3^3}{\log_{10}2} = \frac{3\log_{10}3}{\log_{10}2} = \frac{3b}{a}$   
 (5)  $\log_{18}\sqrt[3]{24} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{\log_{10}24}{\log_{10}18} = \frac{\log_{10}(2^3 \times 3)}{3\log_{10}(2 \times 3^2)}$   
 $= \frac{3\log_{10}2 + \log_{10}3}{3(\log_{10}2 + 2\log_{10}3)} = \frac{3a + b}{3a + 6b}$

解説

- (1)  $x = 10^{\log_{10}3}$  において、両辺の 10 を底とする対数をとると  
 $\log_{10}x = \log_{10}3 \cdot \log_{10}10$  すなわち  $\log_{10}x = \log_{10}3$   
 よって  $x = 3$   
 (2)  $x = 3^{-2\log_3 4}$  において、両辺の 3 を底とする対数をとると  
 $\log_3 x = -2\log_3 4 \cdot \log_3 3$  すなわち  $\log_3 x = \log_3 4^{-2}$   
 よって  $x = \frac{1}{16}$   
 (3)  $x = 16^{\log_2 10}$  において、両辺の 2 を底とする対数をとると  
 $\log_2 x = \log_2 16 \cdot \log_2 10$  すなわち  $\log_2 x = 4\log_2 10$   
 ゆえに  $\log_2 x = \log_2 10^4$  よって  $x = 10000$